



The Crusades

By Alva

Introduction

What where The Crusades?

- The Crusades were a Christian army of soldiers that fought with the Muslims
- The Crusade was a battle between the Christians and Muslims, they both wanted to claim the Holy Land of Jerusalem that they both believed belonged to them.
- This later became many wars lasting a very long time.
- The Christian knights started the crusades because they joined the army because the pope urban 11 said all their sins would be forgiven and they would find paradise.
- The Crusade wars lasted roughly around 200 years. It started in 1095 and after a series of 9 wars, it finally ended in 1291.
- The reason for the ending of the war was because they started running out of resources the crusades were very expensive.



Image by jarmoluk/1463 on pixabay.com

Who?

Who was involved? Who Started it?

On November 27, 1095, pope urban 11 makes one of the the most influential speech of the Middle Ages, calling all Christians in Europe to war, against Muslims in order to reclaim the Holy Land, with a cry of “Deus vult!”, This became their battle cry.



Image by Couleur on pixabay.com

Where?

Where Were The Crusades?

- The Crusades took place in the Middle East(Jerusalem), where Jesus lived and died



Image by
Wikimages on
pixabay.com



Image by sspiehs3 on pixabay.com

Both sides, the Christian's and the Muslims, were trying to convert people to be part of their religion. When the Muslims got into the Christian's territory (Byzantine Empire) they fought back because they felt like they were attacking, but when the Christians attacked the Muslims fought back too. This escalated into the giant war known as the Crusade.

Both religions at this time thought the holy land of Jerusalem was rightfully theirs.

They both had the same goals and that ended up in conflict.

They were both thought that the other religion attacked them.

The 2 Perspectives

The Christians vs the Muslim's perspective

Christian's

"This royal city [Jerusalem], therefore, situated at the centre of the world, is now held captive by His enemies ... God has conferred upon you above all nations great glory in arms. Accordingly undertake this journey for the remission [forgiveness] of your sins, with the assurance of the imperishable [unending] glory of the kingdom of heaven."

- Pope Urban II, speaking to Christian leaders, 1095

When Pope Urban II made his speech he made many Christians want to join the war because of course they wanted their sins to be forgiven and anything the Pope said they believed.

Muslim's

"Jerusalem belongs to us just as much as to you, and is more precious in our eyes than in yours. It was the place of our Prophet's journey, and the place where the angels gathered. Therefore, do not imagine that we shall give the city up to you, or that you will convince us in the matter. As regards the land, it belonged originally to us, and you came to attack us."

- Salah al-Din, Muslim leader, 1193

47

From this speech I could see that the Muslims strongly believed that the land of Jerusalem was theirs and they believed that the Christians came to attack them.

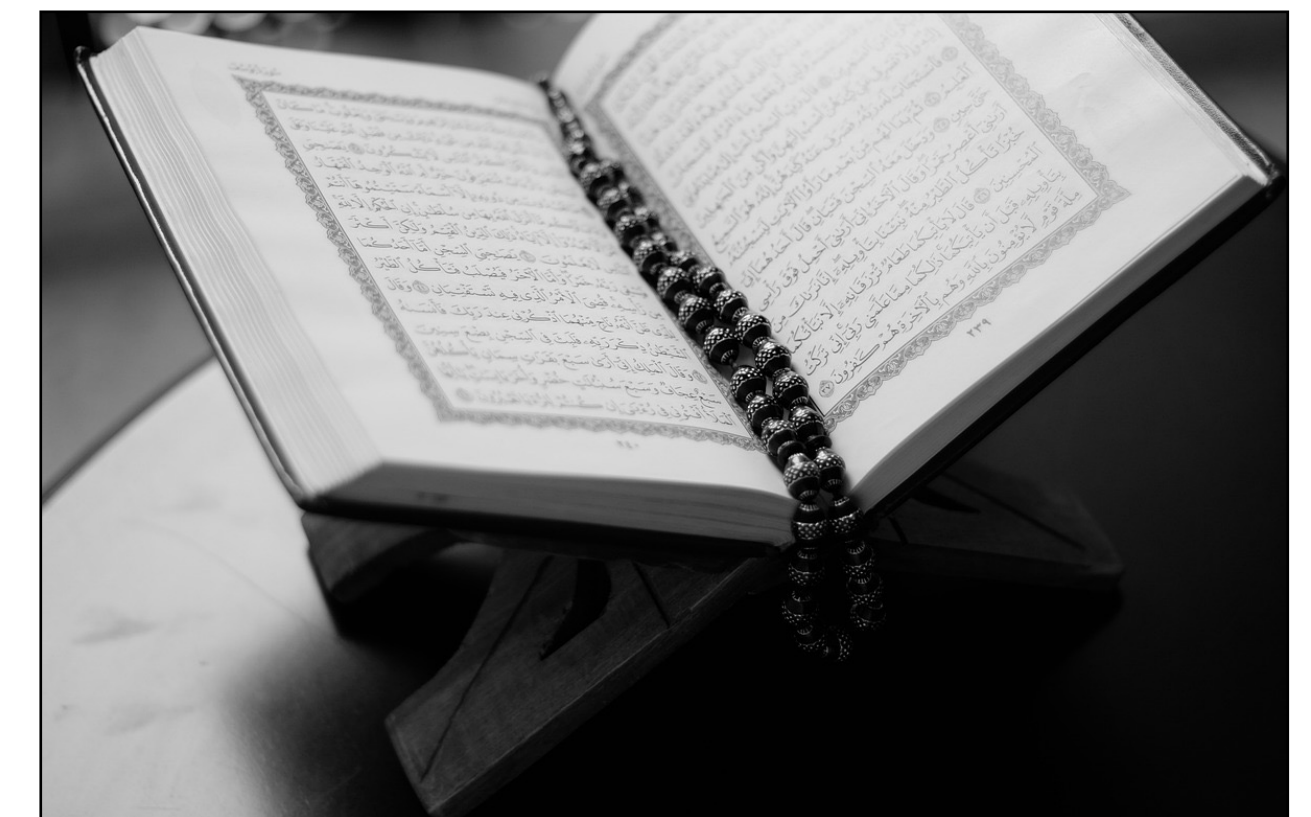


Image by Pexels on pixabay.com



How Did Their Quest For Power Impact Peoples Life?

- The big war lead to so many changes in everyone's lives.
- From many people losing their lives to loved ones being lost. This was very traumatic to deal with especially with death
- It also affected where people could live and the amount of resources people where getting.



Image by GDJ on pixabay.com

What Were The Effects Of The Crusades?

- Millions of people died, and they were mostly men which led to less workers for the land. This made everything harder to manage.
- People got more knowledge from exploring new places outside their village. They learned about: medicine, astronomy, philosophy, and literature
- The Crusades also opened a window for trade between Europe and the Middle East. People exchanged things like: spices, fabrics, and perfumes
- During the crusade a demand of supplies rushed in and this led to shipbuilding and other industries growing without this our lives would be significantly different today.
- The Church became more wealthy
- Christianity became more common
- Because of some of the ruthless acts of the Christians the Muslims referred to the crusades as immoral, bloody, and savage

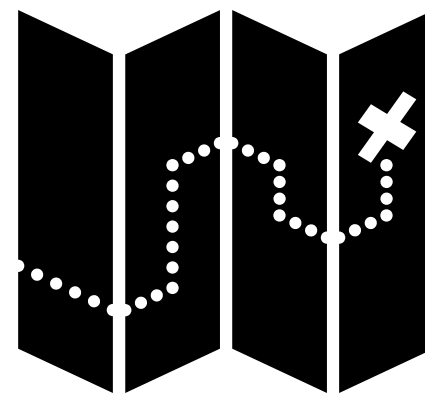
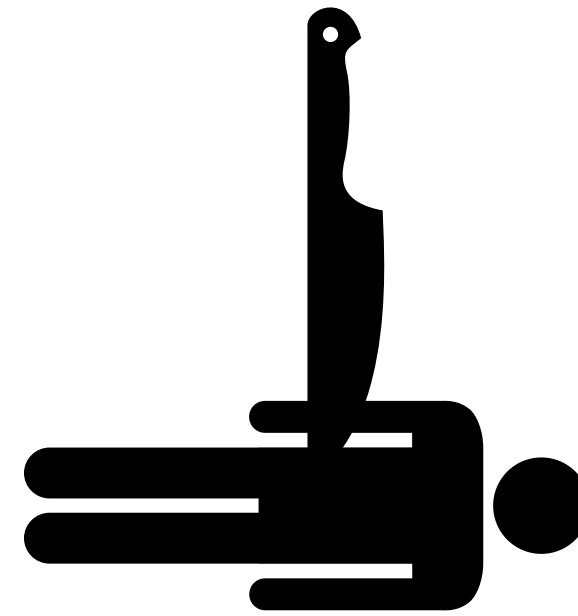


Image by GDJ on
pixabay.com

Christian's Vs Muslims

How were their lives different

-The Christian's lived under the brutal feudal system, and since 90% of the feudal system were peasants, most people would have to do labour all day under force.

-The Nobels and barons were Controlling the peasants and they would be abusive and treat them like dirt.

-Their lives were not good, they where difficult and sad.



-The Islam's had better lives.

-It was Colourful, and they respected their leader by choice.

-They were happy and had rights unlike the Christian's.



Image by SimonDAllen on pixabay.com



Image by Salman Preeom on unsplash.com

Historical Significance

Explanation

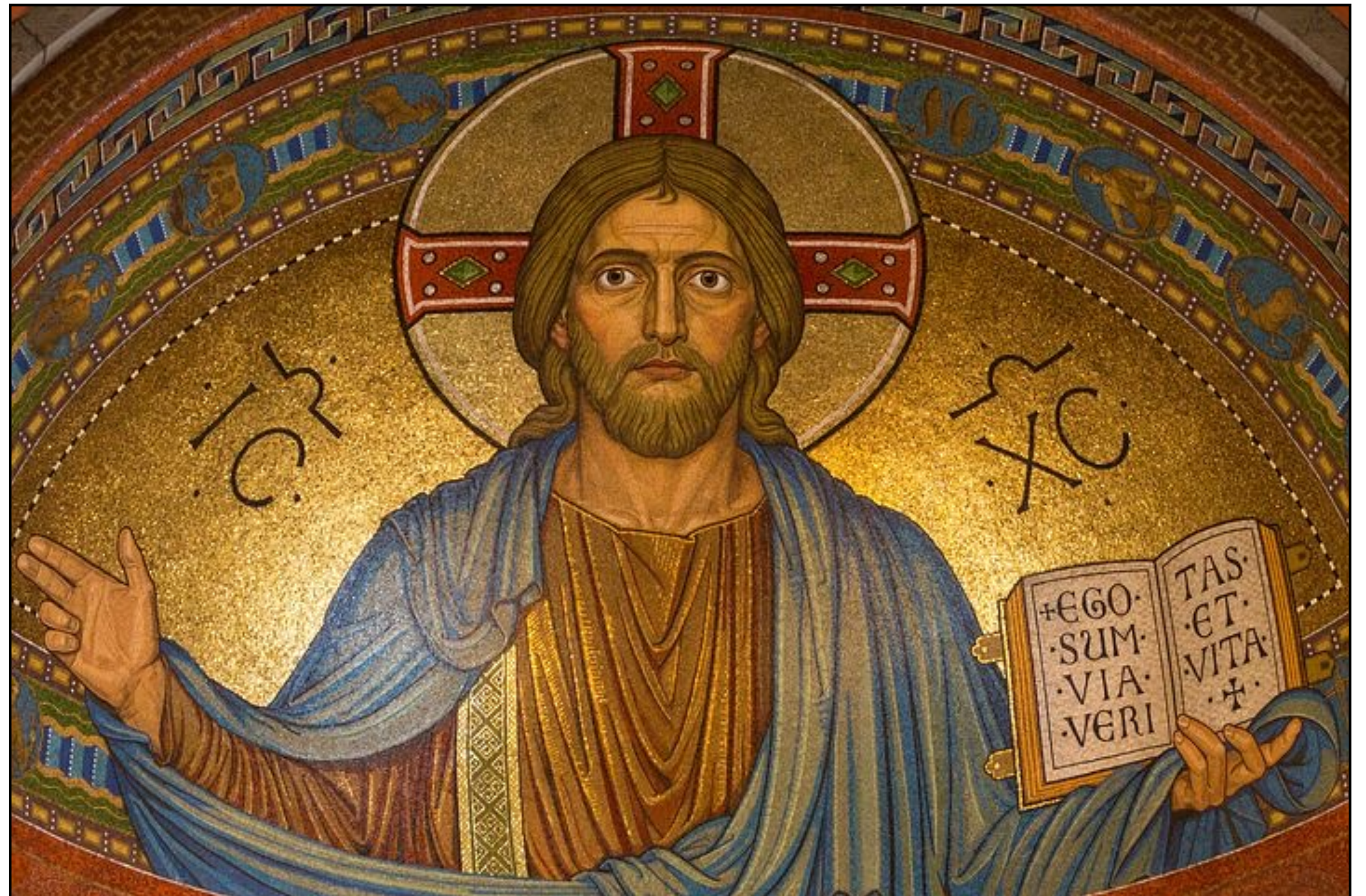
- I believe that this was a very important event at this time since It lasted for over 200 years and there were over 1 million deaths
- This has gone down in history as a very significant war because we are still talking about it over 8 century's later



Conclusion

- To sum up everything that has been stated so far I will conclude with saying:

- As you have learned, The Crusades changed both the Christian and Muslim worlds.
- New trade routes and markets became available to both sides. Information and trade goods began to flow between the two worlds.
- The rulers who participated in the Crusades became larger than life.



Thanks for watching! ❤️